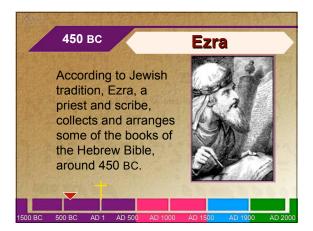
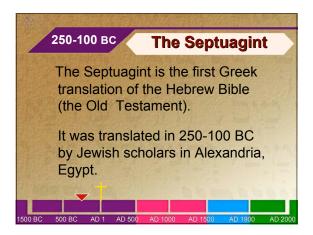


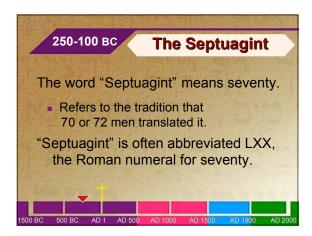
Matthew 5:18 (KJV) - "For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wise pass from the law, till all be fulfilled."

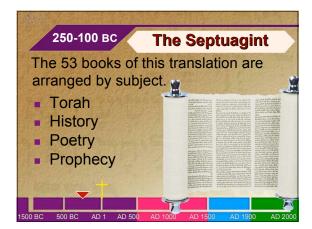
Matthew 5:18 in the Aramaic language. The jot is highlighted in red.

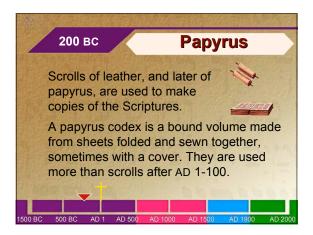
Events are written down in Hebrew (with portions in Aramaic) over many centuries. In Exodus, the LORD tells Moses to write in a book. Other writers, inspired by God, include leaders, kings and prophets. Together, these writings on leather scrolls and other materials are called the Hebrew Scriptures or Old Testament.

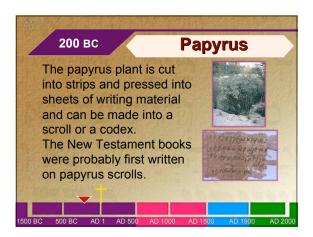


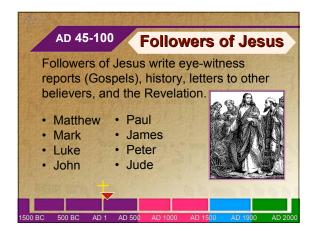


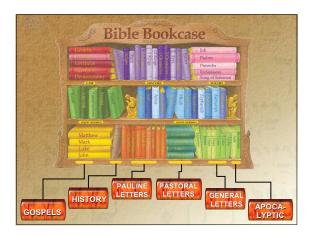


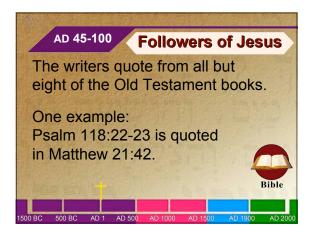


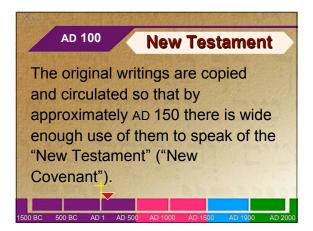


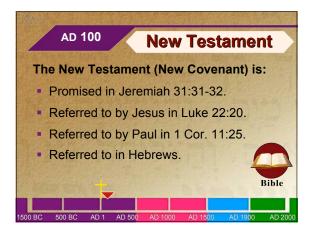




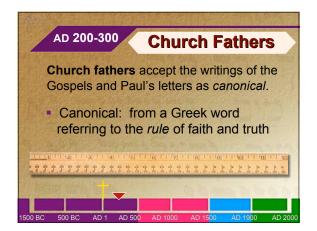


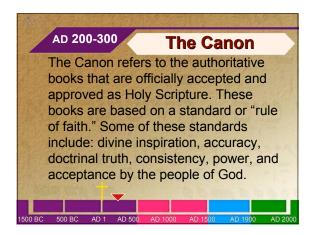


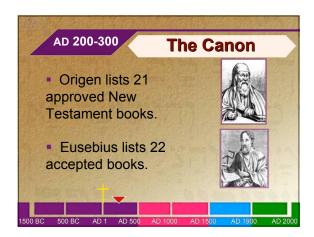


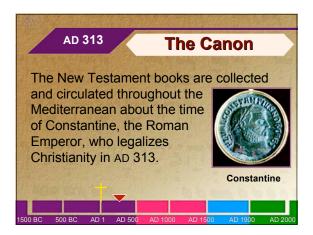


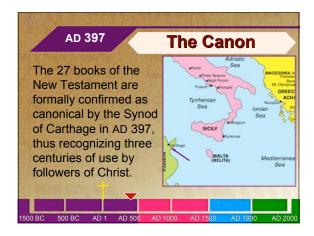


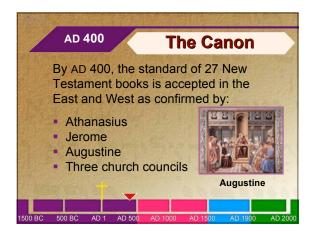


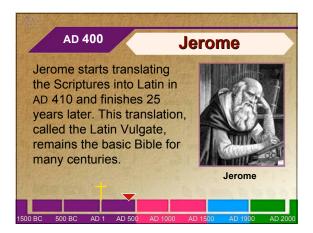


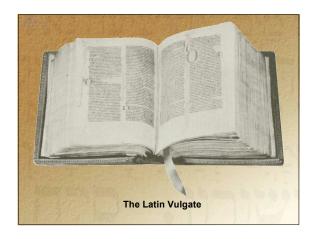


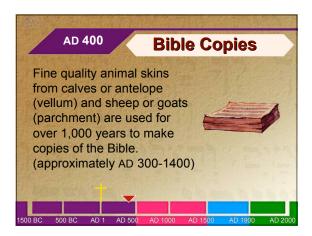


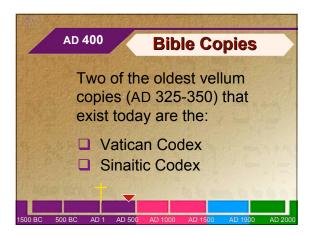


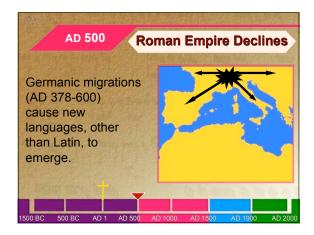


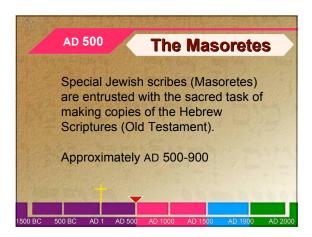


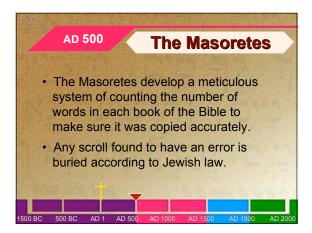


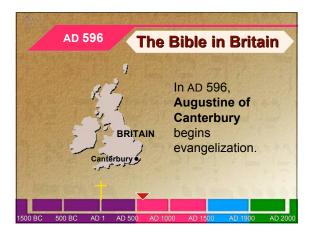


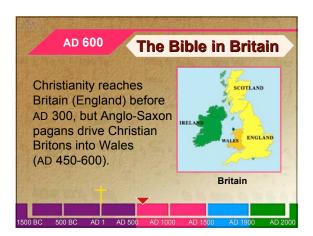


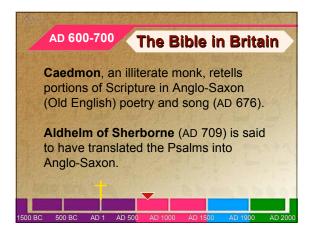


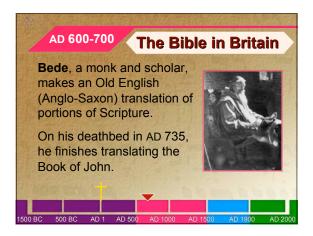


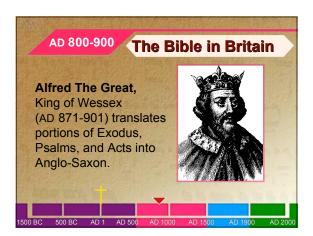


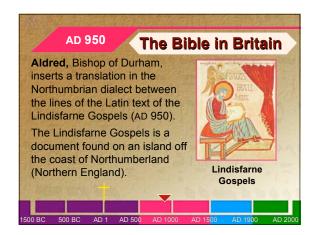


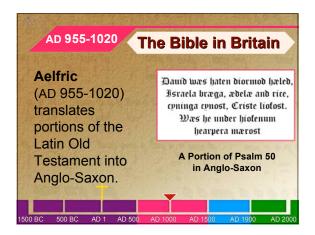


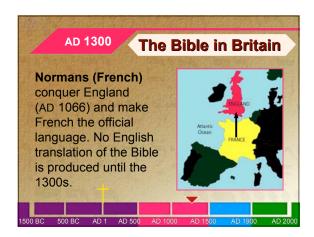


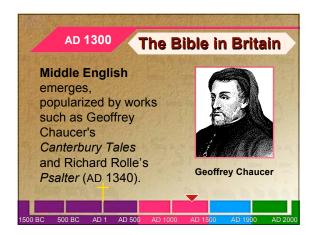


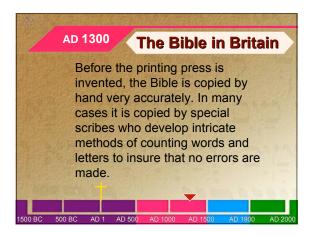


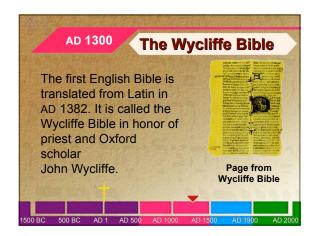


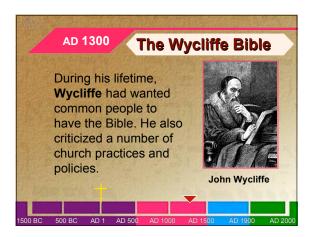


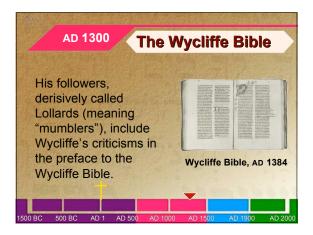


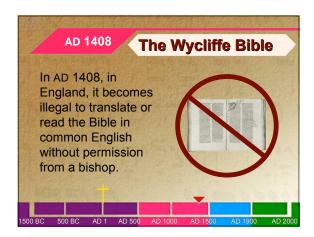


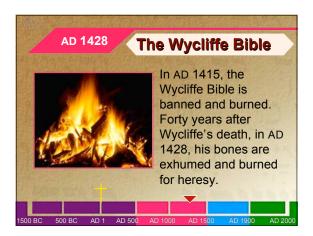


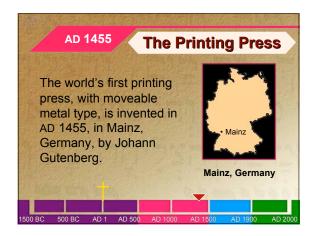


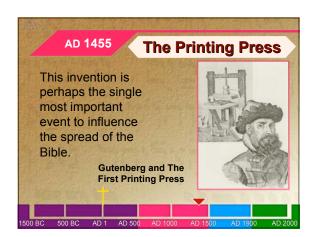


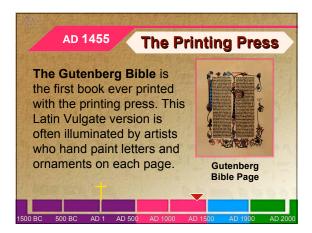


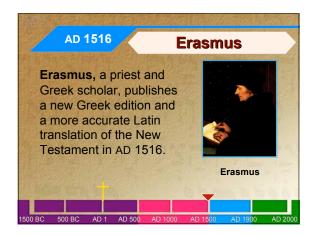


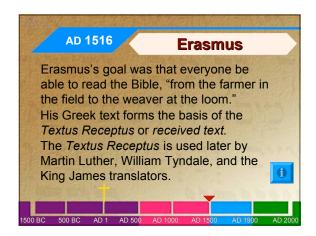




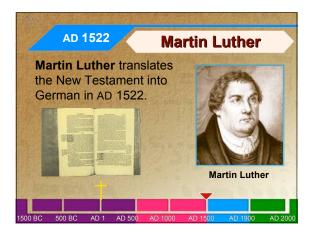


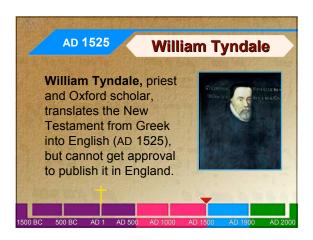


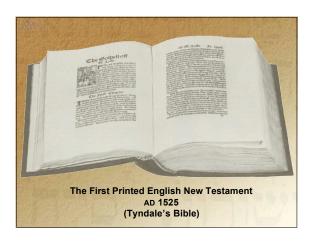


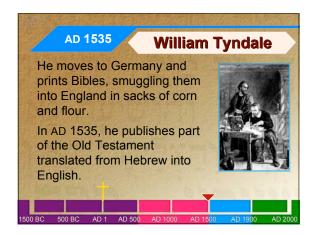


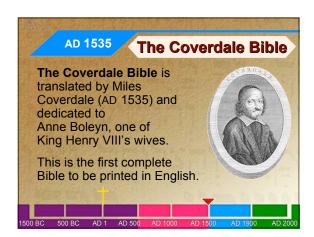


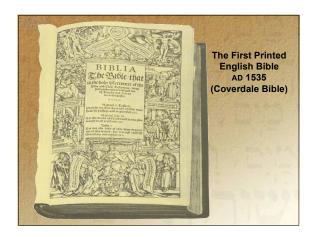


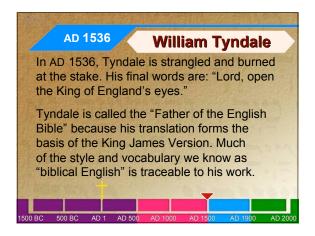


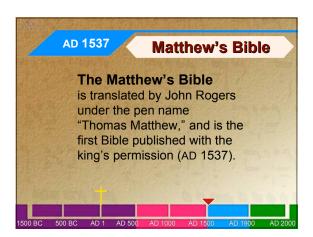


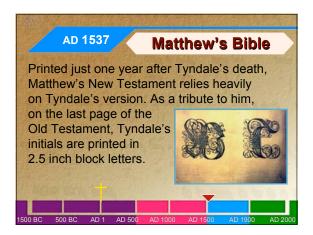


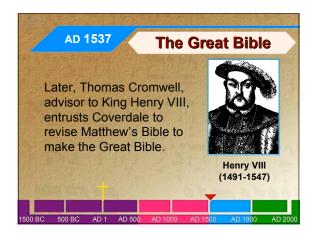


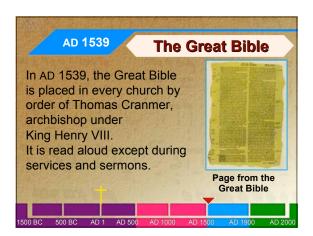


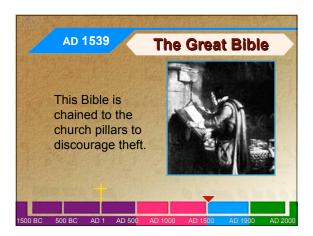


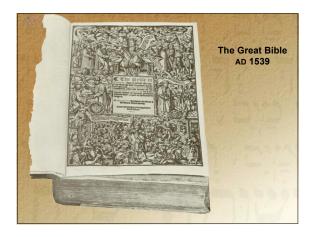


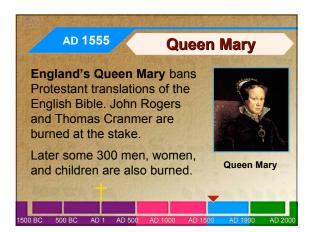


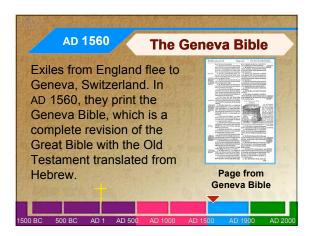


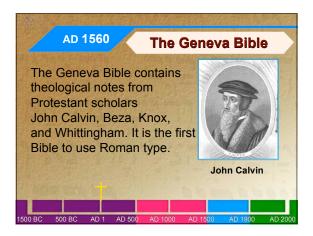


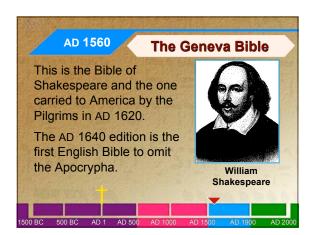




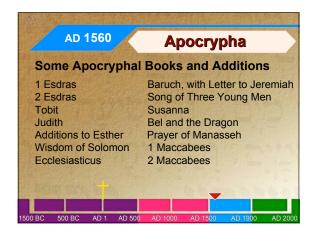


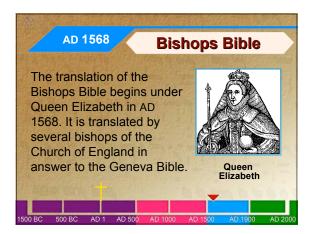


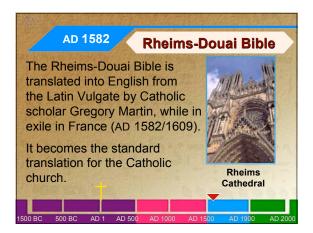


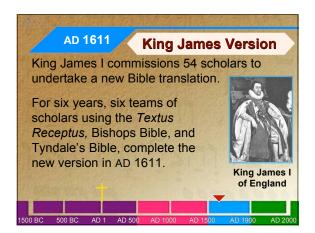


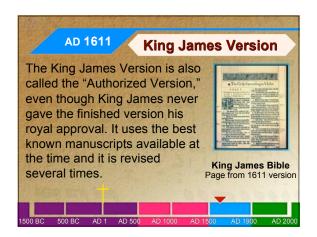
# AD 1560 Apocrypha The Apocrypha refers to several books and additions that were included in the early Greek and Latin translations of the Old Testament. The Septuagint contained the Apocrypha in 100 BC. By the first century AD, writers Philo and Josephus indicate that the Hebrew canon did not include the Apocrypha. This evidence leads to its removal from the Geneva Bible in AD 1640. By AD 1827, the Apocrypha is omitted from most English versions of the Bible.



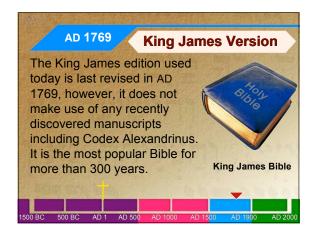


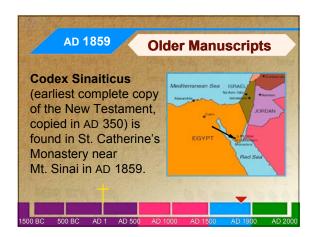


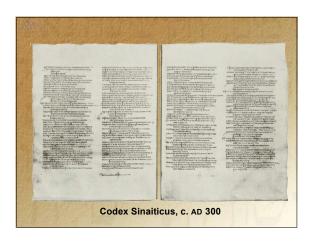


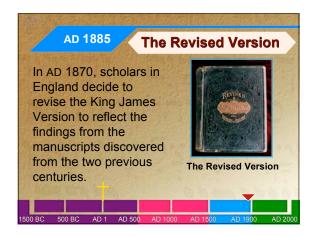


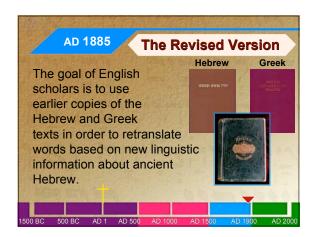
Between AD 1629 and AD 1947, several of the earliest known copies of the Bible are found.  Codex Alexandrinus, a copy of the New Testament from AD 400, is perhaps the best copy of the book of Revelation. It is made available to western scholars in AD 1629.		AD '	1629		Oldei	· Manu	script	s	
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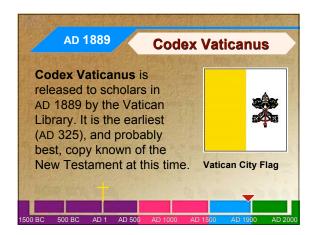


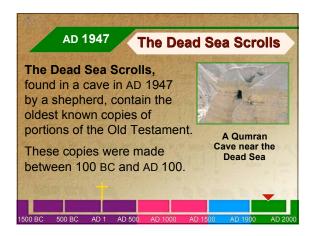


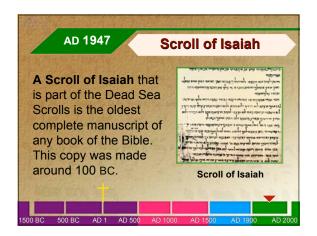


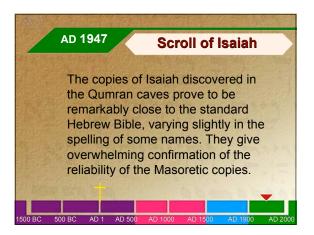


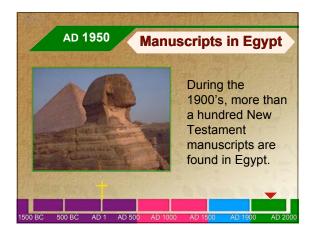


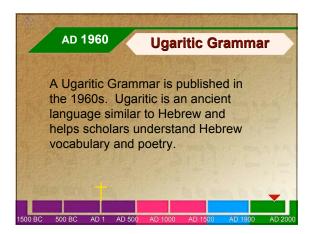








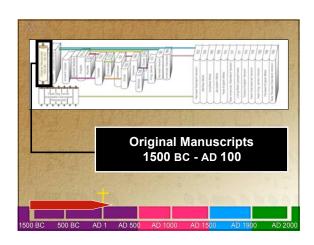


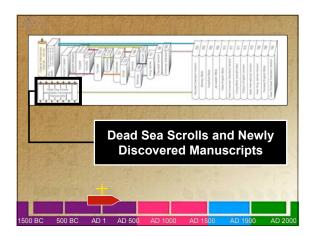


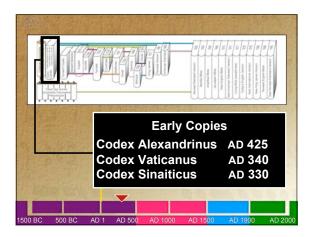
There is much evidence that the Bible we have today is remarkably true to the original writings. Of the thousands of copies made by hand before AD 1500, more than 5,300 Greek manuscripts from the New Testament alone still exist today. The text of the Bible is better preserved than the writings of Caesar, Plato, or Aristotle.

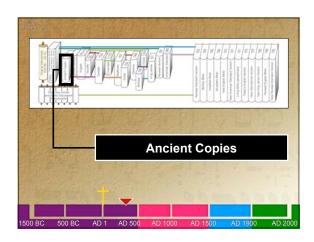
The discovery of the Dead Sea Scrolls confirmed the astonishing reliability of some of the copies of the Old Testament made over the years.

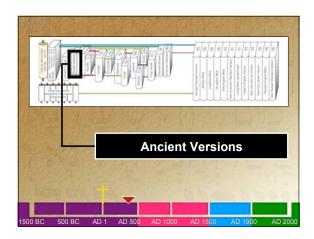
Although some spelling variations exist, no variation affects basic Bible doctrines.

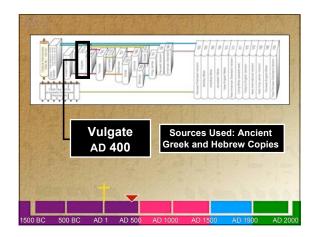


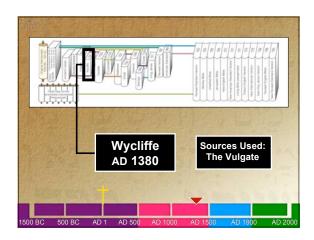


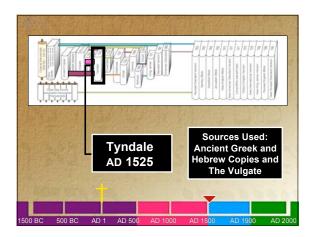


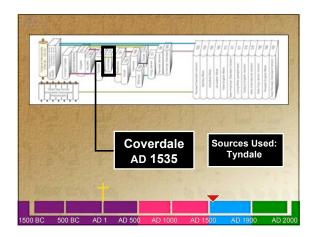


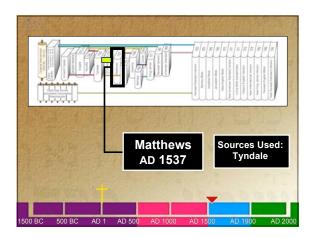


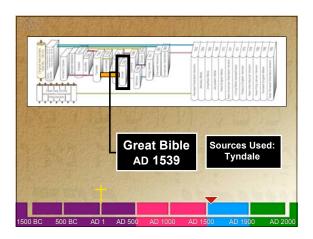


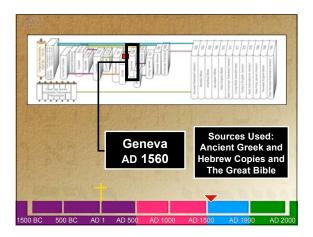


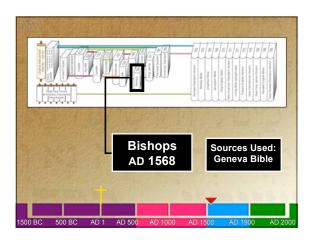


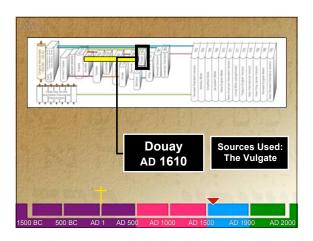


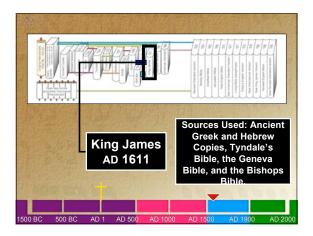


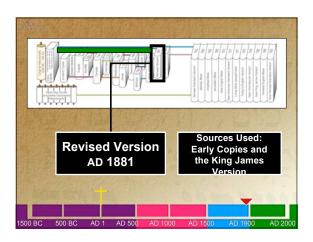


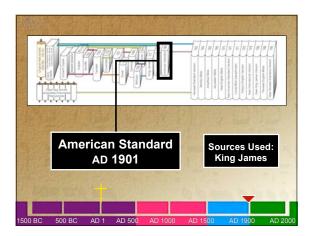


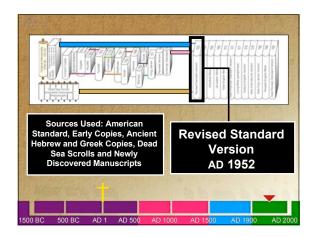


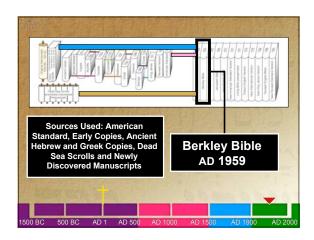


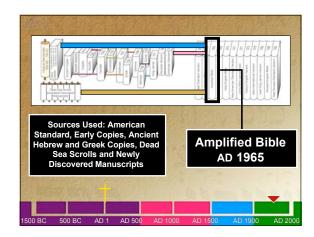


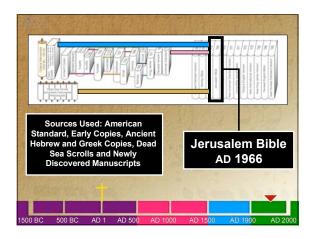


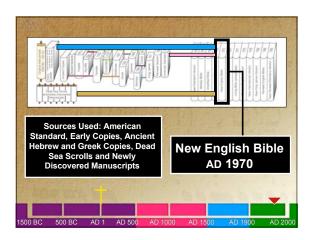


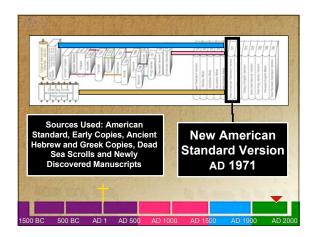


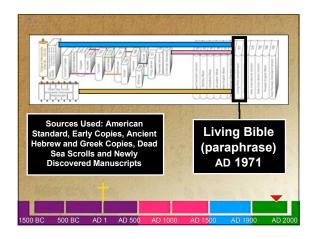


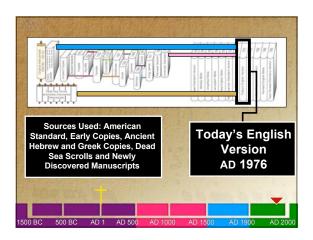


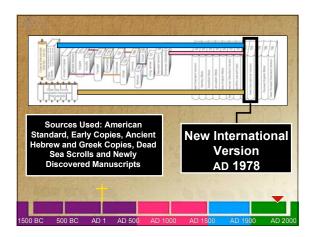


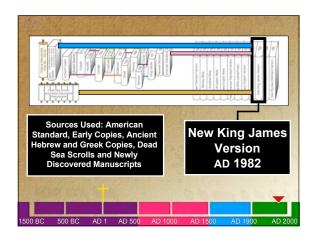


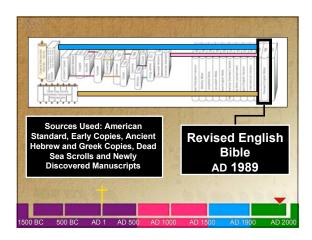


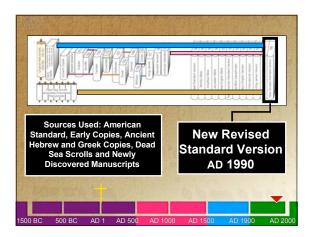


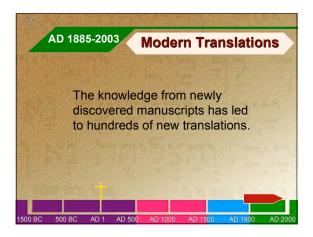


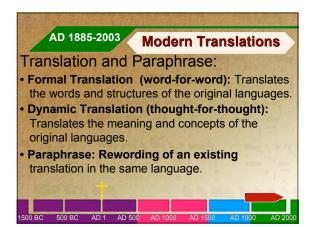


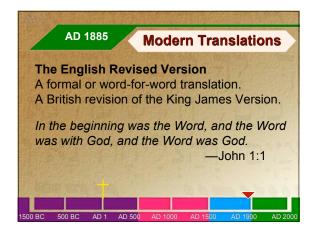


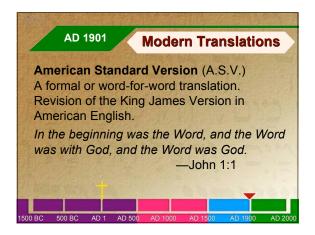


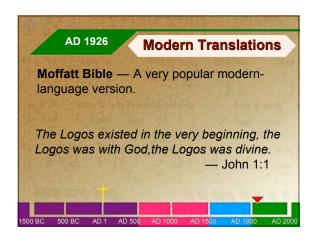


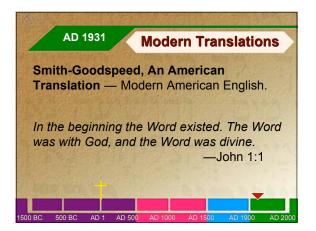


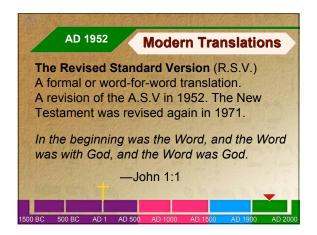


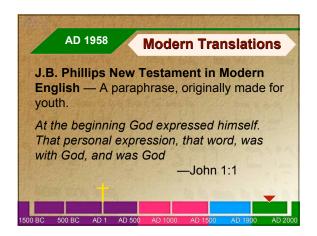


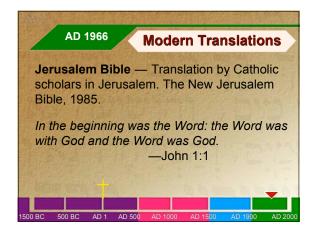


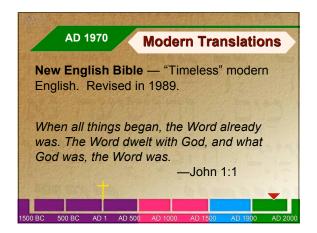


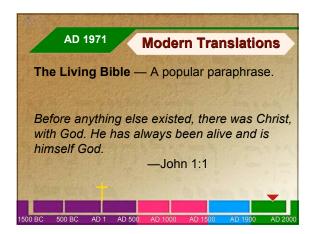


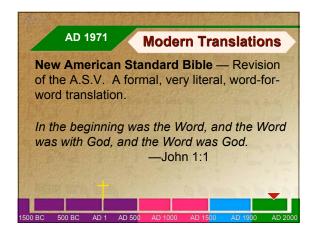


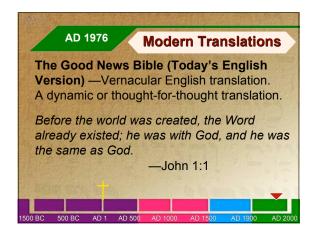


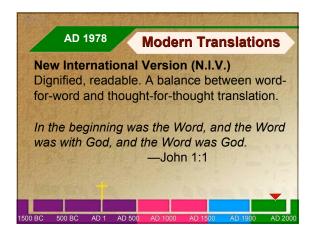


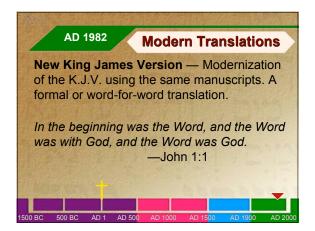


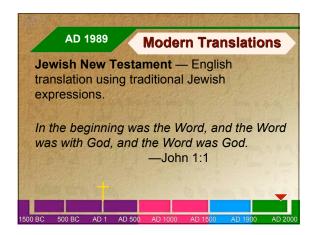


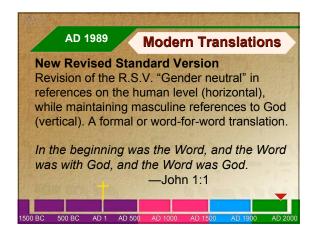


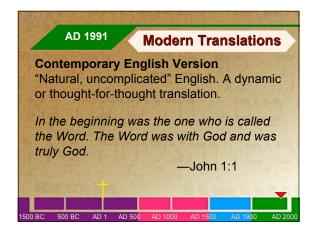


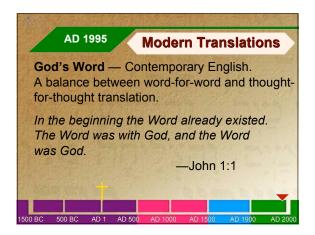


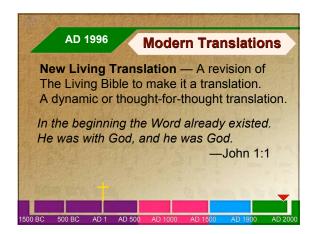


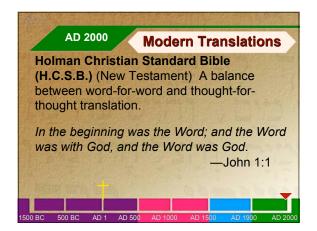


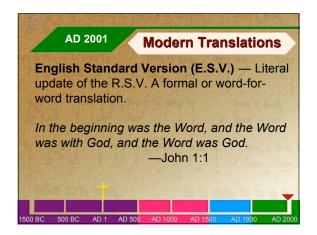


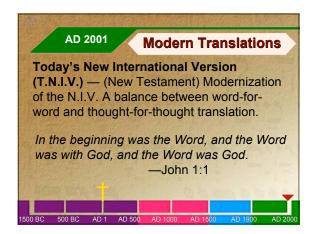


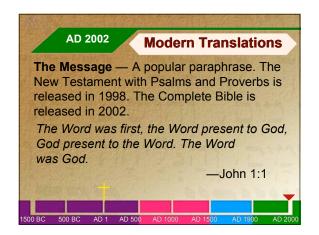


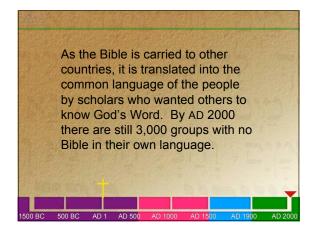


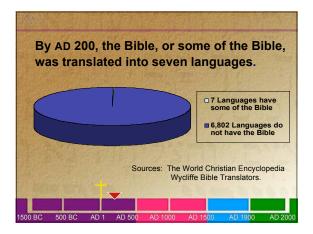


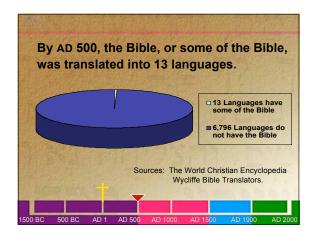


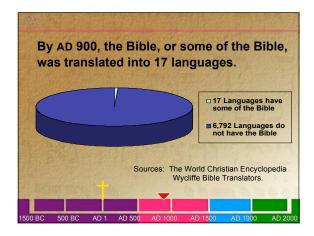


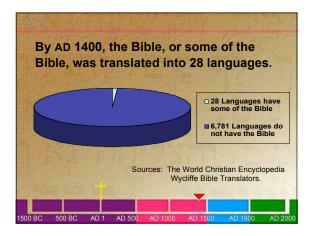


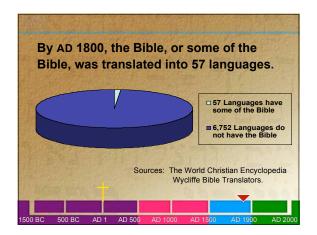


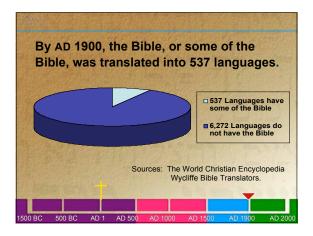


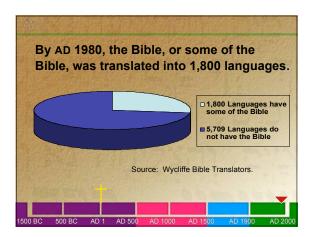


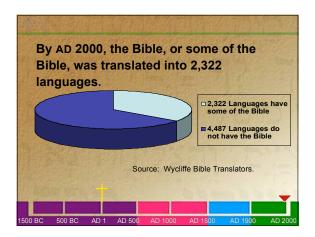


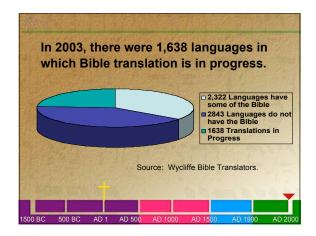


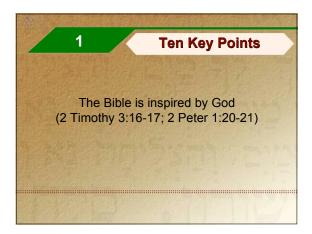












# The Bible is made up of 66 different books that were written over 1,600 years (approximately 1500 BC to AD 100) by more than 40 kings, prophets, leaders, and followers of Jesus. The Old Testament has 39 books (written approximately 1500-400 BC). The New Testament has 27 books (written approximately AD 45-100). The Hebrew Bible has the same text as the English Bible's Old Testament, but divides and arranges it differently.

3 Ten Key Points	
The Old Testament was written mainly in Hebrew, with some Aramaic.	
The New Testament was written in Greek.	
4 Ten Key Points	
The books of the Bible were collected and arranged and recognized as inspired sacred authority by councils of rabbis and councils of church leaders based on careful guidelines.	
5 Ten Key Points	
Before the printing press was invented,	
the Bible was copied by hand, very accurately. In many cases it was	
copied by special scribes who develop intricate methods of counting words and letters to insure that no errors were	
made.	

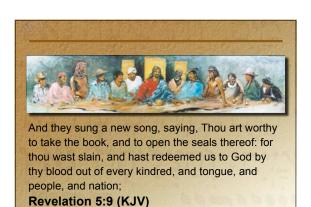
Marsh 1975 - Marsh	
6 Ten Key Points	
The Bible was the first book ever printed on the printing press with moveable type (Gutenberg Press, 1455, Latin Bible).	
7 Ten Key Points	
There is much evidence that the Bible we have today is remarkably true to the original writings. Of the thousands of copies made by hand before AD 1500, more than 5,300 Greek manuscripts from the New Testament alone still exist today. The text of	
the Bible is better preserved than the writings of Caesar, Plato, or Aristotle.	
8 Ten Key Points	
The discovery of the Dead Sea Scrolls confirmed the astonishing reliability of some of the copies of the Old Testament made over the years.	
Although some spelling variations exist, no variation affects basic Bible doctrines.	

As the Bible was carried to other countries, it was translated into the common language of the people by scholars who wanted others to know God's Word. By AD 2000 there were still about 3,000 groups with no Bible in their own language.

10

### **Ten Key Points**

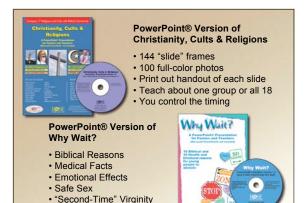
By AD 200, the Bible, or some of the Bible, was translated into seven languages; by AD 500, 13 languages; by AD 900, 17 languages; by AD 1400, 28 languages; by AD 1800, 57 languages; by AD 1900, 537 languages; by AD 1980, 1,800 languages; by AD 2000, 2,322 languages. Currently, there are 1,638 languages in which Bible translation is in progress.



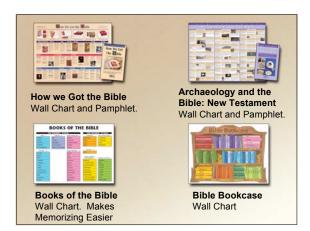
# Information The editors are grateful to the following contributors: Philip W. Comfort, Ph.D., Visiting Professor, New Testament (1986-96), Wheaton College, and Senior Editor of Tyndale House Publishers: Testament L. Director, Bible Sauly Helps, American Bible Society, John McRay, Ph.D., Professor of New Testament and Archaeology, Wheaton College Grad. School Lawrence Scinenii, Michael Cochrane, M.A., Semitic Languages. Original Art: Rick Humphrey Photo Credits: Jerone, Wycliffe, Gutenberg Bible page, Northwind Picture Archives: Erasmus, Dead Seis Scrolis, Issiah Scroli. Erich Lessing; Queen Maryl, Scala, Lindistame Cospelis, Bridgeman/Art Ericsmus, Dead Seis Scrolis, Issiah Scroli. Erich Lessing; Queen Maryl, Scala, Lindistame Cospelis, Bridgeman/Art Fellows and Scholaror of Haristor College, Order, Inchanisory In Peristra, Dravy, William Tyndale, The Pinnopal, Fellows and Scholaror of Haristor College, Order, Inchanisory International College, Order, Inchanisory Company, William Tyndale, The Pinnopal, The Sinnopal, Testimanus, Wycliffe Bible page, Wycliffe Bible, College Control, Inchanisory, College Control, College Cont

# Resources Related Bible Charts, Time Lines, and Pamphlets are available at www.rose-publishing.com Other PowerPoint® Presentations are also available at Rose Publishing Here are some examples:

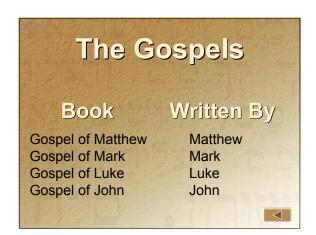
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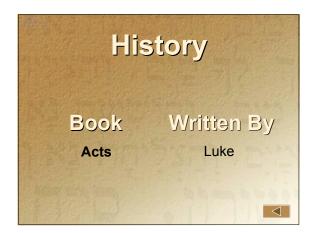


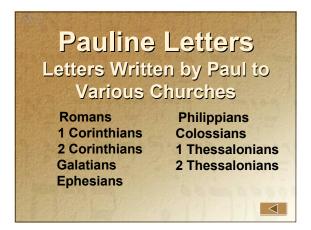
• Will You Take the Pledge?

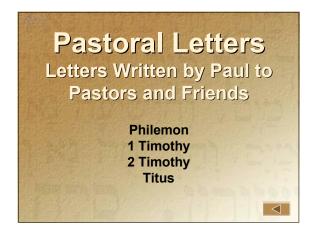


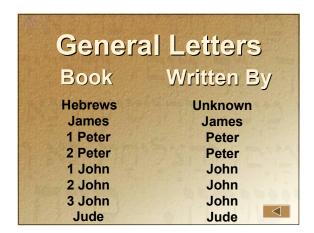


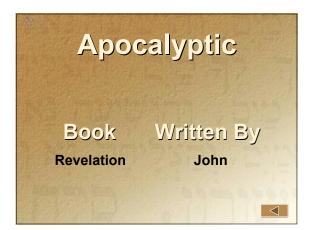


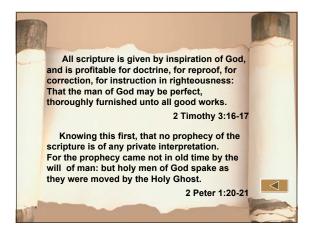


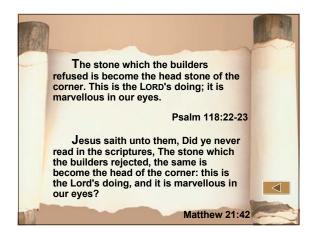




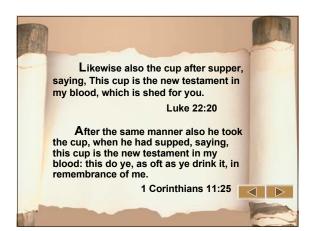














The Textus Receptus was largely based on Byzantine text-type manuscripts, mainly due to their availability at the time. Many modern translations use the Nestle or Nestle-Aland text (1st edition, 1898; 27th edition, 1993) and/or the various editions of The Greek New Testament published by the United Bible Societies (1st edition, 1966; 4th edition, 1993), which are largely based on Alexandrian text-type manuscripts rather than the Textus Receptus and the Byzantine text.